This is a preview - click here to buy the full publication
STANDARD



Second edition 2011-10-01

# Information technology — Biometric data interchange formats —

Part 9: Vascular image data

Technologies de l'information — Formats d'échange de données biométriques —

Partie 9: Données d'images vasculaires



Reference number ISO/IEC 19794-9:2011(E)



#### © ISO/IEC 2011

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

### Contents

Forewo	ord	iv
Introdu	ction	.v
1	Scope	.1
2	Conformance	.1
3	Normative reference	.2
4	Terms and definitions	.2
5	Abbreviated terms	.2
6	Data conventions	.3
6.1	Byte and bit ordering	
6.2	Scan sequence	.3
7	Image capture requirements	.3
7.1	Spatial sampling rate	
7.2	Bit-depth	
7.3	Illumination	.3
7.4	Pixel aspect ratio	
7.5	Normalization of projection	
7.6	Image storage format	
7.7	Imaging area	
7.8 7.9	Standard pose Object coordinate system	
7.9	Occlusion by opaque artifacts	
8	Vascular image format specification	
8.1	Biometric Data Record	
8.2 8.3	General Header	
o.s 8.4	Representation header	
-		
9	Registered Format Type Identifier	18
Annex	A (normative) Conformance Testing Methodology	19
Annex	B (informative) A sample image data packet	20

### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 19794-9 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC JTC1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 37, *Biometrics*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 19794-9:2007), Clause 8 and Annex A of which have been technically revised.

ISO/IEC 19794 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology* — *Biometric data interchange formats*:

- Part 1: Framework
- Part 2: Finger minutiae data
- Part 3: Finger pattern spectral data
- Part 4: Finger image data
- Part 5: Face image data
- Part 6: Iris image data
- Part 7: Signature/sign time series data
- Part 8: Finger pattern skeletal data
- Part 9: Vascular image data
- Part 10: Hand geometry silhouette data
- Part 11: Signature/sign processed dynamic data
- Part 13: Voice Data
- Part 14: DNA data

### Introduction

Vascular biometric technologies have existed for many years. Additionally, new technologies employing vascular images obtained from various parts of the human body are emerging or under continuous improvement as a result of new, state-of-the-art imaging devices. Some of them are being widely adopted as reliable biometric modalities.

Currently however, little vascular biometric image information is being exchanged between the equipment and devices from different vendors. This is due in part to the lack of standardized formats for information exchange that would ensure interoperability among the various vendors.

The purpose of this part of ISO/IEC 19794 is to define a standard for the exchange of human vascular biometric image information. It defines specific attributes, a data record format for storing and transmitting vascular biometric images and certain attributes, a sample record, and conformance criteria.

This part of ISO/IEC 19794 is intended for applications requiring the exchange of raw or processed vascular biometric images. It is intended for applications not limited by the amount of storage required. It is a compromise or a trade-off between the resources required for data storage or transmission and the potential for improved data quality/accuracy. Basically, it is to enable various algorithms to identify or verify the vascular biometric image data transferred from other image sources. Currently available vascular biometric technologies that may utilize this part of ISO/IEC 19794 for image exchange are technologies that use the back of the hand, palm, and finger.

The use of captured source images can provide interoperability among and between vendors relying on various different recognition or verification algorithms. Accordingly, data from the captured vascular biometric image offers the developer more freedom in choosing or combining a comparison subsystem.

# Information technology — Biometric data interchange formats —

## Part 9: Vascular image data

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 19794 specifies an image interchange format for biometric person identification or verification technologies that utilize human vascular biometric images and may be used for the exchange and comparison of vascular image data.

It specifies a data record interchange format for storing, recording, and transmitting vascular biometric information from one or more areas of the human body. It defines the contents, format, and units of measurement for the image exchange. The format consists of mandatory and optional items, including scanning parameters, compressed or uncompressed image specifications and vendor-specific information.

Information compiled and formatted in accordance with this part of ISO/IEC 19794 can be recorded on machine-readable media or may be transmitted by data communication facilities.

### 2 Conformance

A biometric data record conforms to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 if it satisfies all of the normative requirements related to:

- a) its data structure, data values, and the relationships between its data elements, as specified throughout Clause 9 for the Vascular Image Record Format of this part of ISO/IEC 19794, and
- b) the relationship between its data values and the input biometric data from which the biometric data record was generated, as specified throughout Clause 9 for the Vascular Image Record Format of this part of ISO/IEC 19794.

A system that produces biometric data records is conformant to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 if all biometric data records that it outputs conform to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 (as defined above), as claimed in the Implementation Conformance Statement associated with that system. A system does not need to be capable of producing biometric data records that cover all possible aspects of this part of ISO/IEC 19794, but only those that are claimed to be supported by the system in the Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS).

A system that uses biometric data records is conformant to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 if it can read, and use for the purpose intended by that system, all biometric data records that conform to this part of ISO/IEC 19794 (as defined above), as claimed in the Implementation Conformance Statement associated with that system. A system does not need to be capable of using biometric data records that cover all possible aspects of this part of ISO/IEC 19794, but only those that are claimed to be supported by the system in an ICS.

#### **3** Normative reference

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 10918-1, Information technology — Digital compression and coding of continuous-tone still images: Requirements and guidelines

ISO/IEC 15444-1, Information technology — JPEG 2000 image coding system: Core coding system

ISO/IEC 14495-1, Information technology — Lossless and near-lossless compression of continuous-tone still images: Baseline

ISO/IEC 19794-1:2011, Information technology — Biometric data interchange formats — Part 1: Framework